# Quaid-i-Azam University <br> Department of Statistics <br> Sample Paper for M.Phil. Statistics Admission 

Note: Please attempt all questions.
(i) If population is perfectly homogenous, then what size of sample would you prefer?
(a) A large Sample
(b) A small sample
(c) A single unit
(d) None of the above
(ii) If units are selected in a sample from N population units, the sampling fraction is:
(a) $(1 / n)$
(b) $(1 / N)$
(c) $(N / n)$
(d) $(N / n)$
(iii) A test which maximized the power of the test for fixed $\alpha$ is known as:
(a) Optimum test
(b) Randomized test
(c) Bayes test
(d) Likelihood ratio test
(iv) In a Multinomial distribution with 4 classes, the degrees of freedom for Chi-Square is:
(a) 3
(b) 4
(c) 2
(d) 1
(v) Significance of partial regression coefficients can simultaneously be tested by:
(a) T-test
(b) Z-test
(c) Chi-Square test
(d) F-test
(vi) Which of the following relation is correct:
(a) $r_{12.34}=r_{13.24}$
(b) $r_{12.3}=r_{21.3}$
(c) $r_{13}=r_{23}$
(d) $r_{12.3}=r_{13.2}$
(vii) The simplest completely randomized groups design is a:
(a) Single group design
(b) Single variable design
(c) Two group design
(d) Two variables design
(viii) The analysis of variance procedure compares:
(a) Several different sample means
(b) Two different estimate of variance
(c) Several different population variances
(d) Several different populations variances
(ix) A variable equals the sum of squared of independent standard normal variates is called:
(a) Binomial variate
(b) Standard variate
(c) Chi-squared variate
(d) None
(x) On a single draw from a deck of playing cards, the probability of selecting a heart card and a black card is:
(a) $1 / 2$
(b) $1 / 4$
(c) Zero
(d) $1 / 8$

