

**Department of Chemistry
Quaid-I-Azam University
M.Phil Admission Sample Test
Inorganic/Analytical Chemistry**

Max. Marks:**40**

Name:

Roll No:

Father's name:

Date:

Time: 60 mins

NOTE: Attempt all questions. Encircle the correct option/s in each of the following statements. Forty (40) such questions will be given

1. Plants look green due to the absorption of
 - i) Green Light
 - ii) Blue light
 - iii) Red light
 - iv) Yellow light

2. Center of distribution is given by
 - i) Mean
 - ii) Mode
 - iii) Average
 - iv) Standard deviation

3. Change in concentration during titration is measured by
 - i) Conductivity
 - ii) Voltammetry
 - iii) Coulometry
 - iv) Polarography

4. In Raman spectroscopy the most intense line is
 - i) Stoke
 - ii) Anti-stoke
 - iii) Rayleigh
 - iv) none of these

5. The solubility of barium sulphate at 25°C is 1.05×10^{-5} mol dm⁻³. The solubility product
 - i) 1.10×10^{-10} mol dm⁻¹
 - ii) 1.10×10^{-10} mol² dm⁻⁶
 - iii) 0.001 mol dm⁻¹
 - iv) 10.5×10^{-6} mol² dm⁻⁶

6. Lamp used in flame photometry is
i) HCl ii) Xe iii) Deuterium iv) none of these
7. Among the following, the secondary pollutant is
i) PAN ii) CO₂ iii) NO_x iv) SO_x
8. Which of the following complex ion is tetrahedral?
(a) [PdCl₄]²⁻ (b) [Ni(CN)₄]²⁻ (c) [NiCl₄]²⁻ (d) [AuCl₄]⁻
9. What is the order of decreasing vibrational frequency for
a) C — Cl b) C — Br c) C — C d) C — O e) C — H
i) a>b>c>d>e ii) e>b>a>c>d iii) d>e>a>b>c iv) b>a>e>c>d
10. The relation between dipole magnetic moment (μ) and nuclear spin (I) is given by a constant called
i) Gyromagnetic ratio (γ) ii) Planck's constant (h) iii) Nuclear susceptibility (χ)
iv) Chemical shift (δ)
11. Which of the following has exchangeable protons with water
i) CH₃OH ii) (CH₃)₃N iii) (CH₃)₂O iv) CH₃Br
12. Which of the following is tetrahedral?
i) [PtCl₄]²⁻ ii) [PdCl₄]²⁻ iii) [AuCl₄]⁻ iv) [NiCl₄]²⁻
13. Which of the following molecule has center of symmetry
i) CH₄ ii) NH₃ iii) H₂ iv) PCl₃
14. Conc. HNO₃ upon thermal decomposition give
i) NO ii) NO₂ + O₂ iii) N₂ + O₂ iv) NO₃⁻

15. CO_2 is isostructural to
i) HgCl_2 ii) SiO_2 iii) SO_2 iv) NO_2
16. $\text{MnSO}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ has magnetic moment value
i) 5.08 ii) 5.92 iii) 2.08 iv) 4.55
17. 2nd Ionization Energy trend in K, Ca, Ba is
i) $\text{K} > \text{Ca} > \text{Ba}$ ii) $\text{Ba} > \text{Ca} > \text{K}$ iii) $\text{Ca} > \text{K} > \text{Ba}$ iv) $\text{K} > \text{Ba} > \text{Ca}$
18. X-ray diffraction analysis provides _____ information
i) Qualitative ii) Quantitative iii) Both a & b iv) None of these
19. Which one of the following does not obey 18-electron rule?
i) $\text{Cr}(\text{CO})_6$ ii) $\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_5$ iii) $\text{V}(\text{CO})_6$ iv) $\text{Mn}_2(\text{CO})_{10}$
20. Alkali metals dissolve in liq. NH_3 to give _____ color
i) Red ii) Blue iii) Green iv) None
21. A 40.0 gram sample of I-131 with half-life of 8.04 days will decay to 1/100 of its original mass in _____ days
i) 29.4 ii) 100 iii) 53.4 iv) 45.43
22. The autodissociation of POCl_3 will give
(a) $2\text{POCl}_3 \rightleftharpoons \text{POCl}_2^+ + \text{POCl}_4^-$
(b) $2\text{POCl}_3 \rightleftharpoons \text{POCl}^+ + \text{POCl}_5^-$
(c) $2\text{POCl}_3 \rightleftharpoons \text{POCl}_3^+ + \text{POCl}_3^-$
(d) none of these